

DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL SERVICES

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY 700 Governors Drive Pierre, South Dakota 57501-2291 (605) 773-3165 FAX (605) 773-4855

August 30,2000

Cindy Shirk HCFA – CMSO Mail Stop S2-01-16 7500 Security Boulevard Baltimore, MD 21207-5187

Re: CHIP State Plan Amendment

Dear Ms. Shirk: -

The State of South Dakota is requesting amendment to the State's Child Health Insurance Program (SCHIP) under Title XXI of the Social Security Act, with an effective date of July 1, 2000.

This SCHIP state plan amendment seeks approval for South Dakota to operate a State SCHIP program called CHIP-NM (Children's Health Insurance Program, Non-Medicaid) Since July 1, 1998, South Dakota has provided SCHIP benefits to uninsured children by providing expanded eligibility under the State's Medicaid plan. This initial SCHIP program was approved August 5, 1998 and subsequent eligibility expansion under Medicaid occurred on April 1999.

This Title XXI State Plan Amendment adds a State operated SCHIP program for targeted uninsured children from families with income levels higher than currently approved SCHIP eligibility levels. There will be no corresponding amendment to the Medicaid State Plan submitted in conjunction with the SCHIP expansion at this time, as Medicaid eligibility income levels will remain unchanged. This amendment does not seek to replace the approved SCHIP State Plan materials, but will add the appropriate information describing the additional effort, through CHIP-NM, to reduce the number of uninsured children in South Dakota.

After telephone conversations with HCFA staff in Baltimore and Denver, it is my understanding that a separate state plan is required for the operation of CHIP-NM. Accordingly, enclosed please find the completed Model Application Template for CHIP-NM for your review, which includes a three-year budget for operation of the program. Please

note benefits available under CHIP-NM mirror benefits available under Medicaid and the currently approved SCHIP, with the exception of cost share for 18 year olds. Please be advised this office will submit separate state plan amendments to eliminate cost share requirements for 18 year olds under the original SCHIP state plan and Medicaid state plan and will be addressed under separate cover.

Your consideration and approval in this SCHIP state plan amendment will be greatly appreciated. Should you have questions regarding this letter or the amendment, please feel free to contact me at the address or phone number listed above. Thank you.

Sincerely,

James W. Ellenbecker, Secretary Department of Social Services

Cc: Spencer Erickson HCFA Regional Office

MODEL APPLICATION TEMPLATE FOR STATE CHILD HEALTH PLAN UNDER TITLE XXI OF THE SOCIAL SECURITY ACT STATE CHILDREN'S HEALTH INSURANCE PROGRAM

(Required under 4901 of the Balanced Budget Act of 1997 (Newsection 2101 (b))

State/Territory: South Dakota	
(Name of State/Territory)	
As a condition for receipt of Federal funds under Title XXI of the Social James W. Ellenbecker	
As a condition for receipt of Federal funds under Title XXI of the So	cial Security Act,
James W. Ellenbecker	2000
James W. Ellenbecker (Signature of Single State Agency Director, Date of Single State Date of S	ate Signed)
submits the following State Child Health Plan for the State Children's agrees to administer the program in accordance with the provisions of requirements of Title XXI and XIX of the Act and all applicable Federissuance's of the Department.	Health Program and hereby the State Child Health Plan, the
According to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, no persons are required to respond displays a valid OMB control number. The valid OMB control number for this informat required to complete this information collection is estimated to average 160 hours (or mi review instructions, search existing data resources, gather the data needed, and complete collection. If you have any comments concerning the accuracy of the time estimate(s) or please write to: HCFA, P. O. Box 26684, Baltimore, Maryland 21207 and to the Office Affairs, Office of Management and Budget, Washington, DC 20503.	tion collection is 0938-0707. The time nutes) per person, include the time to e and review the information suggestions for improving this form,
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Section 1. G	neral Description and Purpose of the State Child Health Plans (Section 2101)
The state will	ise funds provided under Title XXI primarily for (Check appropriate box):
1.1.	Obtaining coverage that meets the requirements for a State Child Health Insurance Plan (Section 2103); OR
1.2.	Providing expanded benefits under the State's Medicaid plan (Title XIX); OR
1.3 X	A combination of both the above.
	chis SCHIP state plan amendment seeks approval for South Dakota to operate a State CHIP program called CHIP NM. Since July 1, 1998 South Dakota has provided SCHIP enefits to uninsured children by providing expanded eligibility under the State's dedicaid plan. The initial SCHIP program was approved on August 5, 1998, and a absequent eligibility expansion with Medicaid occurred on April 1, 1999. This Title XXI at plan amendment adds a State operated SCHIP program for targeted uninsured wildren from families with income levels higher than currently approved SCHIP igibility levels. The new eligibility level, active outreach and beneficiary enrollment are scheduled to begin on July 1, 2000. There will be no corresponding amendment to be Medicaid State Plan submitted in conjunction with the SCHIP expansion at this time as Medicaid eligibility income levels will remain unchanged. This State Plan Amendment for some seek to replace the approved SCHIP State Plan materials, but will add the oppropriate information describing the additional efforts through CHIP NM the state is aking to reduce the number of uninsured children in South Dakota.
	With this State Plan submission the State assures that it will comply with all civil rights equirements including Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, Title II of the Americans ith Disabilities Act of 1990, Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, and Age iscrimination Act of 1975, 45 CFR part 80, part 84, and part 91, and 28 CFR part 35. The State further assures specific legislative authority to operate an expansion of the CHIP program under Title XXI of the Social Security Act was granted by Act of the both Dakota Legislature and signed into law by the Governor of South Dakota to be fective July 1, 2000.
3 (4)	he Secretary of the Department of Social Services is the authorized State Official gning and submitting this State Plan Amendment. The Official responsible for program dministration and financial oversight is Damian Prunty, Administrator, Office of ledical Services, South Dakota Department of Social Services, 700 Governors Drive, iterre, South Dakota 57501 2291.
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Section 2. General Background and Description of State Approach to Child Health Coverage (Section 2102 (a)(1)-(3)) and (Section 2105)(c)(7)(A)-(B)

2.1. Describe the extent to which, and manner in which, children in the state including targeted low-income children and other classes of children, by income level and other relevant factors, such as race and ethnicity and geographic location, currently have creditable health coverage (as defined in section 2110 (C)(2)). To the extent feasible, make a distinction between creditable coverage under public health insurance programs and public-private partnerships (See Section 10 for annual report requirements).

The approved South Dakota SCHIP state plan provided a complete description of South Dakota's population, estimates of the uninsured population and information on the populations served by the Medicaid program and IHS. Little has changed in the basic demographic profile of the State in the two years that have elapsed. This SCHIP state plan amendment will recap the increases in enrollment in creditable health coverage and the corresponding reductions that have taken place in South Dakota since the 1998 CHIP State Plan was implemented.

The following table shows the number of Medicaid and SCHIP eligible children from just prior to SCHIP implementation and for the last day of each quarter through March of 2000. The number of Medicaid eligible children does not include children eligible in SSI categories.

Quarter Ending	Medicaid Children	SCHIP Children
06/30/1998	32,859	0
09/30/1998	34,290	903
12/31/1998	35,320	1,407
03/31/1999	36,435	1,710
06/30/1999	36,866	2,039
09/30/1999	37,158	2,488
12/31/1999	37,768	2,790
03/31/2000	39,195	3,179

Source: SD MMIS 1998, 1999, 2000

Beginning July 1, 1998 eligibility levels for Medicaid and SCHIP were increased to include children ages 6 through 18 in families with incomes above 100% but not exceeding 133% of the FPL. Beginning April 1, 1999 the income eligibility levels for Medicaid and SCHIP increased from 133% to 140% of the FPL for children from birth through age 18. Children from families with incomes in the expanded levels, who were uninsured and not otherwise eligible for Medicaid, received SCHIP coverage. All others who were eligible received Medicaid. The chart shows that the number of children with qualified coverage from Medicaid or SCHIP increased by 9,515 during the time period of SCHIP operation.

During this time period, 83% of the Medicaid enrolled children had no other health coverage when enrolled in the Medicaid program. All SCHIP enrolled children were, by definition, uninsured. Using this information the following table shows the number of

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	Medicaid-SCHIP Enrol	lment of Uni	nsur	ed Childre	?n
Baseline	Reporting Period	Uninsured		SCHIP	Total
Year		Medicaid			
<i>1999</i>	06/30/1998-09/30/1998	I, I 88		903	2,091
2000	10/01/1998-09/30/1999	2,381		1,585	3,966
2000	10/01/1999-03/31/2000	1,682	3	882	2,564

Census Survey- Baseline Year	Number of Uninsured Children
1996,1997, 1998 CPS < 200% FPL	13,000
South Dakota 1999 Estimate	10,909
South Dākota 2000 Estimate	6,943
South Dakota 2000 Mid Year	4,379
	of baseline da and S CHIP

- 2.2. Describe the current state efforts to provide or obtain creditable health coverage for uncovered children by addressing: (Section 2102)(a)(2)
 - **2.2.1.** The steps the state is currently taking to identify and enroll all uncovered children who are eligible to participate in public health insurance programs (i.e. Medicaid and state-only child health insurance):

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State efforts to enroll uninsured children prior to the implementation of the SCHIP program in South Dakota are documented in the original SCHIP plan. Medicaid was the primary public health insurance program at that time and the SCHIP program efforts built upon the existing Medicaid program. The key relationships with other DSS programs, Public Health, Education, Human Services and IHS will continue to be in place and are a vital part of SCHIP outreach efforts.

The enrollment & SCHIP eligible children is greatly enhanced by the widespread availability & Medicaid eligibility throughout the state. Coordinated delivery & multiple programs from the Department & Social Services using generalized colocated eligibility workers and automated information system enhance the identification and enrollment & children into SCHIP and Medicaid. Access to program coverage is greatly assisted by the widespread availability & participating Medicaid providers throughout the state.

Established relationships with other public health programs operated by the State & South Dakota also provide numerous opportunities to identify and enroll children into Medicaid and SCHIP. Interagency agreements between the Departments & Health and Social Services establish referral mechanisms between the programs operated by the agencies. WIC, Community Health Services, Baby Care, MCH, Title V and Children's Special Health Services programs are key referral sourcesforfamilies seeking medical coverage for children. South Dakota's Federally Qualified Health Centers, community and migrant health centers are very involved as sources & information about the State's medical assistance programs to assist in identifying and enrolling uncovered children, in addition to serving as primary care providers.

Interagency agreements also exist with the Department of Education and the Department of Human Services to provide for the referral & children to the Department & Social Services for medical coverage. Individual school districts in the State also participate as direct services provider\$ under Medicaid and therefore have incentives to identify and assist enrolling children in Medicaid and SCHIP program.

Close collaboration between the Department of Social Services and the Indian Health Service to identify and enroll Medicaid and SCHIP eligible children is a key priority for both agencies. The Department of Social Services recognizes the critical importance of the IHS as a service provider in the Indian reservation areas of the State. The IHS as a provider and payer of services, relies very heavily upon third party finding for services they are responsible for, and therefore is a proven referral source for potentially eligible children.

The initial implementation **t** the SCHIP program provided a number **t** opportunities for improved outreach and a greater opportunity for outreach partners to participate in SCHIP outreach. Administrative changes were some of the most made with the **t** SCHIP.

Notable among these administrative changes were the development of a new, shorter application form for Medicaid and SCHIP, dropping the requirement for

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face to face interviews, elimination of assets testing, reduced documentation requirements and direction for DSS eligibility staff to actively participate in program outreach.

The new application form for Medicaid low income children and SCHIP eligibility has been reduced to 3 pages from a form that had been over 30 pages in length. The new form, because of its size and simplicity has been widely distributed to outreach sites including other government agencies, schools, primary care and specialty health care providers, advocacy groups, tribal programs, and day care centers. In addition to the shortening of the form, and eliminating assets information the new form also has reduced documentation requirements as only earnings and childcare expenses need to be verified by the applicant family.

The completed eligibility forms may be mailed or faxed to DSS eligibility offices without the need for a face to face interview. However, DSS caseworkers are available at DSS offices to assist with completing the applications if necessary. Workers at some outreach sites are also trained to assist with basic questions regarding Medicaid and SCHIP eligibility.

Redetermination for low income Medicaid and SCHIP has also been simplified. Redeterminations are conducted annually for eligible families and are initiated by DSS caseworkers that mail the redetermination materials to the families a month in advance. The redetermination materials do not require more information than the application process, and can be completed through the mail or fax.

Eligibility for individuals applying for Food Stamps, TANF, or other Medicaid programs is also simplified, as an additional application form is not required to obtain low income Medicaid or SCHIP coverage.

There is significant evidence to support the assertion that the changes to the application process have facilitated the identification and enrollment of uncovered children. Face value evidence exists in the growth in the number of uninsured children in Medicaid and SCHIP. Annual surveys conducted of the families of children enrolled in the Medicaid and SCHIP programs in 1998 and 1999 reported that 95% and 98% respectively, responded positively to the question on the ease of the application process.

Since the inception of the SCHIP program the State has used a number of approaches to conduct outreach to clients in addition to collaboration with other health or children's programs. Included among the outreach approaches are direct mailings by the State to clients, the use of brochures and posters, client education sessions, an eligibility 800-telephone number, ads on public access television, paid radio announcements and public service announcements. Most effective among these efforts are the education sessions, direct mailings, and collaborations with other programs and the use of brochures. Least effective have been the radio and public access television ads.

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Department of Social Services staff and collaborating agencies have conducted client outreach in many different settings. Included as some of the most effective settings for outreach are community health centers, health care provider locations, schools and adult education sites, Tribal agencies, social service agencies, local government offices, Headstart programs, and local charities. Many other locations such as laundries, fast food restaurants, libraries and senior centers have also been tried with less effectiveness.

Surveys of SCHIP enrollees were conducted to assist in evaluating SCHIP implementation in South Dakota in both 1998 and in 1999. One of the items surveyed was outreach flectiveness. In the 1998 survey 76% of the respondents indicated that they had obtained information about the coverage program from the Department of Social Services. However, in comparison to the 1999 survey it appears the community based outreach efforts were increasing in efectiveness as only 55% of the respondents indicated the Department of Social Services was their source of information about SCHIP. Increasing in outreach efectiveness from 1998 to 1999 were community health nursing, health care providers and schools. Tribal health agencies also contributed effective outreach in both surveys.

American Indians are the largest minority population living in South Dakota. Approximately 7% South Dakota's population is American Indian, primarily residing on the 9 Indian Reservations within the States boundaries. For this reason specific outreach approaches have been considered for this population. Among the efforts specifically directed at American Indian persons are Consultation meetings held between the State and Tribal Government and Tribal Health officials. In addition, the Department has invited both Tribal Government and the IHS to be represented on the Medicaid Advisory Committee that assists in the monitoring of the Medicaid and SCHIP program, and both entities are participating.

Some Tribal health departments have requested specific training of the their Community Health Representative stag in the SCHIP program and this training was provided by Department eligibility staff. One reservation even adapted the SCHIP radio ad to use in reaching the Indian population on their reservation.

Outreach brochures, posters and logosfor SCHIP were designed with a culturally sensitive logo depicting children **d** varying ethnic **backgrounds** in an **effort** to convey that the program **is** intended for all races of children.

South Dakota has also had a successful applicant for the "South Dakota Covering Kids Initiative" through grant funding from the Robert Wood Johnson foundation for a three-year period of time from July 1, 2000 through June 30, 2003. The Community Healthcare Association of Sioux Falls, SD was the successful applicant. The South Dakota Covering Kids Initiative has four goals. They are: designing and conducting outreach programs to identify and enroll children in the Medicaid and SCHIP programs; continuing to simplify access to and completion of enrollment information and applications; assisting in coordinating coverage programs for low income, uninsured children; and designing programming

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specifically targeted to Native Americans and other special populations. The program will feature statewide initiatives to meet these goals and also pilot programs to address specific geographic areas and special populations.

2.2.2. The steps the state is currently taking to identify and enroll all uncovered children who are eligible to participate in health insurance programs that involve a public-private partnership:

when South Dakota implemented its SCHIP program in July of 1998, the South Dakota Caring Programfor Children was a public-private partnsrship to make very limited services available to eligible children. The Program operated on an annual donation from Wellmark Blue Cross Blue Shield of South Dakota, administrative support from the South Dakota Department of Health, and private donations. The Caring Program did not provide qualified health care coverage, did not operate in all parts of South Dakota, and covered only a very limited number of children under 133% of FPL. No Caring for Children benejits would have ever been available to children expected to be served by the CHIP-NM program. The South Dakota Caringfor Children Program ceased to exist in 1999, long before action by the state to implement a CHIP-NM program.

South Dakota counties continue to be required to provide medical services for persons in the State who are determined medically indigent. Eligibility is restricted to persons with very limited income and resources. Services are restricted to coverage of emergency hospital services only, with the exception of two counties, Minnehaha and Pennington which operate community health centers to rate primary care clinic services available. As such, the County Indigent Program is not a health resource available to low income uninsured children with needs for full coverage of primary and preventive health care. All counties operate as the payer of last resort and provide referrals and assistance with Medicaid applications.

2.3. Describe how the new State Title **XXI** program(s) is(are) designed to be coordinated with such efforts to increase the number of children with creditable health coverage **so** that only eligible targeted low-income children are covered. (Section 2102)(a)(3)

The new CHIP-NM program is a state administered program that will be administered by the same agency and same staff as the existing Medicaid and SCHIP programs. There are no other State efforts for creditable health coverage programs. The new Title XXI program in this State plan amendment is intended to reach children of higher income levels than children currently covered under Medicaid and SCHIP. The joint administration and delivery of the program assures that only eligible, targeted low-income children will be enrolled in the new program.

Presently the state operates eligibility systems that ensure only eligible, targeted children are eligible for Title XXI. This eligibility system is described in the original Title XXI state plan for the Medicaid expansions that have occurred with M-SCHIP. The new

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CHIP-NM program will share all of the functions with Medicaid and SCHIP efforts that have been established so far under South Dakota's M-SCHIP program.

The new program will utilize the same application form and application procedures that are currently used for persons applying for low income Medicaid and SCHIP. This includes the availability of application forms, the same information and verifications of applying and the same Department of Social Services offices for assistance. Individuals applying and the same Department of Social Services offices for assistance, Individuals applying for assistance will only indicate that they are requesting medical assistance, they will not be able to request a specific program. In this way, families are informed of all of the coverage opportunities made available for low-income children.

Through information provided on the completed application form the Department of Social Services caseworker will determine the appropriate program of enrollment, if any, for the applicants.

All applications and envollments will also be processed on a statewide computer system shared with Medicaid and SCHIP eligibility. This will assure uniform eligibility methods statewide, that individuals are enrolled in only one program of coverage at any time, and make use of a statewide data base to assist caseworkers in making correct eligibility decisions. The shared income, or insurance coverage for use in evaluating decisions. The system will also assist workers in determining the correct screen assignment of programs so individuals will be correctly assigned to Medicaid, M-SCHIP or CHIP-NM.

The Department will also provide joint processing of medical claims for coverage by the Medicaid, M-SCHIP and CHIP NM programs in the Department's claims processing the system. Since the covered benefits for Medicaid, M-SCHIP and CHIP-NM are identical, the system will ensure only approved benefits will be covered. In addition to ensuring uniform and appropriate medical benefits the system will allocate the costs appropriately to the Medicaid and SCHIP programs at the appropriate rates of federal financial participation.

The strategy of joint program administration also provides for inclusion of the CHIP-NM program in all of the outreach efforts currently being conducted by the Department. This will ensure that all potential clients will receive complete information on the medical assistance program and requirements for participation in the program.

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nder Title XXI only to provide	ck here if the state elects to use funds provided u	Сре
(Section 2102 (a) (4)	General Contents of State Child Health Plan	Section 3.

expanded eligibility under the state's Medicaid plan, and continue on to Section 4.

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3.1. Describe the methods of delivery of the child health assistance using Title XXI funds to targeted low-income children: (Section 2102)(a)(4)

South Dakota's original implementation of SCHIP began in July of 1998 with the expansion of the State's Medicaid program to include children age 6 through 18 from 100% to 133% of the Federal Poverty Level. Under this program expansion eligible children with insurance coverage were enrolled in Medicaid and uninsured children not otherwise eligible for Medicaid were enrolled in SCHIP. In April of 1999, SCHIP implementation via Medicaid expansion continued as the income level for eligibility was increased from 133% of the FPL to 140% for children from birth to age 19 for both the Medicaid and M-SCHIP programs. Again, insured children received Medicaid benefits, and targeted uninsured children received M-SCHIP.

This State plan amendment represents the State's third effort under Title XXI to expand coverage to targeted uninsured children. The method of delivering child health assistance is through a state administered program. The State Administered program, called CHIP NM, will be operated directly by the South Dakota Department of Social Services. As the single state agency for Medicaid the Department is capable of jointly administering CHIP-NM with the Medicaid and M-SCHIP programs using DSS eligibility, outreach, benefit payment, reporting and management resources. General Funds have been appropriated by the 2000 South Dakota State Legislature to provide matching funds for Federal Title XXI funds.

Benefits delivered to targeted uninsured children under the CHIP-NM state administered program are identical to the benefits offered under the State's Medicaid program, including EPSDT benefits. Health care services will be delivered using the existing Medicaid and M-SCHIP delivery and payment systems including primary care case management and access to specialty health service providers, as approved under the State's 1915(b) waiver under Medicaid. The State can assure that children receiving services under CHIP-NM will receive the same beneficiary protections as children receiving Medicaid coverage including grievances and appeals, privacy and confidentiality, respect and non-discrimination, access to emergency services, and an opportunity to participate in health care treatment decision and choice of providers. The State can also assure that it is providing CHIP-NM services in an effective and efficient manner by using Medicaid policies and procedures.

Children to be covered under the CHIP NM program are uninsured children from birth to age 19 in families with incomes above 140% of the FPL and not exceeding 200% of the FPL. Children are considered uninsured if they do not qualify for Medicaid and have not had group health plan coverage in the three months immediately prior to application for the CHIP NM program.

3.2. Describe the utilization controls under the child health assistance provided under the plan for targeted low-income children: (Section 2102)(a)(4)

Services provided under CHIP NM will share the utilization controls used by the Medicaid program to ensure that only health care services that are appropriate, medically necessary, and approved by the State are used. Children covered under CHIP NM will be enrolled into a primary care case management system to ensure

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access to primary care and to provide monitoring and authorization for required specialty medical services. The primary care case management system used will be the PRIME program operated for Medicaid and M-SCHIP children in South Dakota, authorized by HCFA under a 1915(b)(1) waiver.

The state operated CHIP NM program will also share the Medicaid SURS resources for post payment review of services provided to CHIP NM children. Appropriateness and necessity for care are also monitored by the Department through a contract with the Professional Review Organization (PRO), also used by the Medicaid and Medicare programs in South Dakota. Pharmacy services for CHIP-NM will be dispensed via a Medicaid point & service computer system that provides prospective drug utilization review on each prescription filled. Additionally, specialized medical services requiring prior authorization under the Medicaid program will also require prior authorization under the CHIP-NM program.

ection 4.	Eligibility Star	ndards and Methodology. (Section 2102 (b))
		te elects to use funds provided under Title XXI only to provide nder the state's Medicaid plan, and continue on to section 5.
4.1	children for chi following stand	standards may be used to determine eligibility of targeted low-income ild health assistance under the plan. Please note whether any of the lards are used and check all that apply. If applicable, describe the largeted to apply the standard. (Section 2102)(b)(1)(A))
	4.1.1. 🔀	Geographic area served by the plan: Statewide.
	4.1.2. X 4.1.3. X	Age: Birth to age 19 will be served. Income: Children from families with incomes over 140% of FPL up to 200% of FPL. The plan will use current Medicaid definitions of income, and allows deductions for child support paid and actual child care expenses for employment related daycare up to \$500 per month for the family. In addition, the first \$50 of current child and spousal support paid to the family unit, and earned income of children under 19 years old who are living with a caretaker, are also deducted.
	4.1.4.	Resources (including any standards relating to spend downs and disposition of resources):
	4.1.5.	Lesilancy. Children must be residents of the State of South Dakota and meet the citizenship and immigration status requirements applicable to Medicaid.
	^{4.1.6.} 17	Disability Status (so long as any standard relating to disability status does not restrict eligibility):
	4.1.7.	Access to or coverage under other health coverage: Children must not be eligible for Medicaid or covered under any other health insurance
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			under a group health plan in	en may not have had insurance coverage the three months immediately prior to such coverage was dropped for good vailable under the policy.
	4.1.8.			vility is redetermined annually for all in up to the first day of the third month
			that may effect their eligibilit	requ y, when the change occurs.
	1.		the Department to determine	describe): Families must cooperate with the actual or potential existence of third xpenses, and to establish initial or
4.2.			es that it has made the following plan: (Section 2102)(b)(1)(B))	ng findings with respect to the eligibility
	4.2.1.		These standards do not discr	iminate on the basis of diagnosis.
	4.2.2.	<u></u>	<u> </u>	overed targeted low-income children, these ren of higher income families without er family income.
	4.2.3.	Q	These standards do not deny existing medical condition.	eligibility based on a child having a pre-
	Medica proces applica many l progra househ client's out the Social disabil Famili provid service	aid programments will be ation for a the ation for programments of the ation for programments at the ation for a the ation for	cam for low-income children a gin with potentially eligible in mobtained from the Departmenties that are participating with short application form must barent of the children. The form fice from among the 41 Departments are in completing the form including assistance for persupport of the children. The parties of the form and the form of th	eligibility process that is used by the nd the existing SCHIP program. The dividuals obtaining and completing an ent of Social Services, or from any of the a outreach for the Medicaid and SCHIP e completed and signed by the head of ens may then be mailed or delivered to the extment of Social Services offices through forms is available from the Department of cons with Limited English Proficiency or luding the CHIP-NM program are e-NM eligibility, the scope of covered amphlets are written in accurate, easy to scing a decision to apply for medical
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Information collected on the form includes identifying information of the parents of the children under age 19 requesting medical assistance, the children in the home who are under age 19, health insurance information, child support payment information, and child care expense, income information. Verifications of income, child support enforcement office) must work, and child support paid (unless paid to the child support enforcement office) must be included with the application. The application form also contains a simplified funcial work sheet to assist potentially eligible persons make an estimate of their income, relative to the eligibility guidelines to assist them in making a decision to apply for benefits.

Department of Social Services caseworkers will make the eligibility determinations based on the information available to the department, and Department regulations and policies. The Department will make decisions with written notification of the result directly to the applicant parent or head of household.

Upon approval, families will be notified of the eligible children, receive an information packet including information on covered services, the primary care case management program, EPSDT benefits, and other important information. This information includes a description of the scope and duration of covered benefits, and access to emergency services. Clients are also notified of the need to choose a primary care provider and siven a listing of the provider's names and locations in their area. Clients are also notified of their rights to appeal and grievance processes, non-discrimination, and the notified of their rights to appeal and grievance processes, non-discrimination, and the heneficiary information and protections as beneficiaries of the Medicaid program as beneficiary information and protections as beneficiaries of the Medicaid program as beneficiary information and protections as beneficiaries.

Ongoing eligibility is monitored by requiring families to report changes that might affect their eligibility when they occur. The same as those used for Medicaid.

Annual redeterminations are completed after 12 months of eligibility. The Department, during the 11th month of eligibility, initiates the redetermination process by mailing a redetermination packet to families. The information required and the redetermination process is very similar to the initial envoltment process. The redetermination process is notice and there is no break in coverage if eligibility period so families receive timely motice and there is no break in coverage if eligibility period so families receive timely Medicaid, and SCHIP will be reviewed during the redetermination process and the children enrolled in the appropriate coverage program. Children who had been eligible for CHIP-NM will have Medicaid eligiblity reviewed at redetermination, and if Medicaid eligible, will be enrolled in the Medicaid program.

.4. Describe the procedures that assure:

Through intake and follow-up screening, that only targeted low-income children who are incligible for either Medicaid or other creditable

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coverage are furnished child health assistance under the state child health plan. (Section2102)(b)(3)(A))

The application form for CHIP-NM medical assistance in South Dakota also is used for the Medicaid and M-SCHIP programs. Verifications of income and income deductions must be provided with the application. Information on the insurance status of individuals requesting assistance is required on the application form. Clients completing the form do not have a choice for a particular program of medical assistance. Department of Social Services caseworkers determine eligibility for each of the States' medical assistance programs, Medicaid, M-SCHIP and CHIP-NM and make the decisions on which program is providing coverage.

Caseworkers use statewide procedures and a uniform, statewide eligibility database. Automated editing of intake data provides assistance to the caseworkers. The statewide database allows caseworkers to do follow up screening on applications to access eligibility information from other DSS programs, IEVS verifications, and an individual's prior eligibility history. Insurance information including type of coverage, name and address of carrier, policy numbers and dates of coverage are part of the automated database maintained by the department for third party liability and eligibility purposes.

The caseworker will decide the appropriate category or program of coverage for the children depending on income and insurance status as follows:

- Uninsured children birth to age 19 from families with incomes from over 140% to 200% of the FPL will receive CHIP-NM:
- Uninsured children age 6 through 18 from families with incomes from over 100% of FPL to 140% of FPL will receive M-SCHIP;
- Uninsured children under age 6 from families with incomes from over 133% to 140% of FPL will receive M-SCHIP;
- Insured children, children age 6 through 18 from families with incomes below 100% of FPL, and children under age 6 from families with incomes below 133% of FPL will receive Medicaid.
- Children otherwise eligible for Medicaid under other eligibility categories will receive Medicaid.
- Children who are residents of public institutions will not be eligible for any coverage.
- Income eligible children who are residents of Institutions for Mental Disease will receive Medicaid.

After making an eligibility decision, the caseworkers will enroll the

eligible children in the appropriate program for health coverage. Children who are potentially eligible for Medicaid other than under low-income categories based on the information that has been

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submitted on the short form will not be approved for CHIP-NM. Denied applications will receive a notice that includes the reason for the denial, a notification of fair hearing, and a form to submit additional information to pursue Medicaid eligibility on another basis of eligibility.

- That children found through the screening to 1 a eligible of medical 1 nda the state Medicaid plan under Title (are der such assistance der such plan. (Section 210 1)(b)(3)(4))

 Children found eligible for Medicaid are enrolled in the Medicaid program as described in 4.4.1.
 - That the insurance provided under the state child health plan does not substitute for coverage under group health plans. (Section 2102)(b)(3)(D)) CHIP-NM has specific measures to prevent the program from substituting for coverage under group health plans. The first measure is simply that persons covered by insurance providing hospital and medical services or HMO's are not eligible for benefits under CHIP-NM. Another measure to prevent substitution is that children are ineligible if they have been covered by a group health plan in the 3 months immediately preceding the application for CHIP-NM. The Department has adopted a definition of group health plan that includes employers, self-employed plans, employee organizations, and self insured plans that provide health care directly or otherwise. There are exceptions to the 3-month rule when the parents providing the insurance die, become disabled, lose their jobs, or start new jobs without coverage. Exceptions will also be made if care is not accessible under the group plan, or group plan coverage costs more than 5% of the CHIP-NM family's gross income.

The Department also requires that insurance information on the persons seeking medical assistance coverage be provided on the application for CHIP-NM as a measure to avoid substitution for group health coverage. The Department also requires that members of the CHIP-NM unit cooperate with the Department to determine the availability of coverage. Failure to cooperate may result in loss of eligibility for the unit.

The Department also maintains a database on persons with insurance coverage for persons applying for or receiving medical assistance from the Department under Medicaid, M-SCHIP or CHIP-NM. The database includes type of coverage, name and address of carrier, policy numbers, plan sponsor, premium payer, and dates of coverage. Information from this database is available to caseworkers to explore potential group health coverage. Caseworkers also have the opportunity to update the information on this database to keep the information up to date.

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4.4.3

Targeted, low-income children belonging to employees of State government in South Dakota will be eligible for CHIP-NM coverage since the State does not provide any assistance for the coverage of dependants in excess of the cost to cover the employee alone, regardless of the coverage choices made by the family. Children of employees of other government entities in South Dakota will have the coverage evaluated to ensure that there is no meaningful (exceeding coverage evaluated to ensure that there is no meaningful (exceeding slower month) employer contribution for group health coverage to dependent children.

South Dakota will continue to study the effects of its enrollment policies on the possible substitution of CHIP-NM coverage for private group coverage.

The provision of child health assistance to targeted low-income children in the state who are Indians (as defined in section 4(c) of the Indian Health Care Improvement Act, 25 U.S.C.1603 (c).(Section 2102(b)(3)(D)) CHIP-NM is available to all targeted low-income Indian children in affiliation. Inasmuch as the program is a statewide program, CHIP-NM is also made available to children living on Indian reservations within the State's borders. Indian children not living on reservations are also made available to children living on Indian reservations within the State's borders. Indian children not living on reservations are also made available for CHIP-NM coverage. The availability of services through the Indian Health Service is not considered insurance services after meaning the Indian Health Service is not considered insurance for the Medicaid, M-SCHIP or CHIP-NM program.

To help assure CHIP-NM is provided to Indian eligible children the Department has ourreach efforts directed towards the Indian reservation areas of the state. The Indian Health Services currently plays and will income Indian children. Applications, enrollment assistance, and program information for CHIP-NM is available at IHS, Tribal, and Urban Indian Health locations in South Dakota.

CHIP-NM services will be provided to Indian children in the state eligible to receive services from the Indian Health Service as the Indian Health Service as the Indian providers are enrolled as health care services for the CHIP-NM program and eligible for reimbursement for services provided to CHIP-NM children. Tribal clinics and other providers are also eligible for reimbursement for provided services under provided as are Urban Indian Health clinics.

Coordination with other public and private programs providing creditable coverage for low-income children. (Section 2102)(b)(3)(E)) The key programs providing creditable coverage for low-income children in South Dakota are the Medicaid and M-SCHIP programs that are jointly administered with the CHIP-NM program. The

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coordination of the new CHIP-NM program is defined in Section 2.3 of this plan. There are no other State programs that provide creditable coverage for low-income children. The South Dakota Caring for Children program had existed as a private effort to provide very limited health coverage to low-income children, however operations under that program ceased in 1999. There are no other private programs that offer creditable coverage for low-income children in South Dakota.

The Indian Health Service continues as a provider of creditable coverage to Indian children. The IHS functions as a provider of services and also provides coverage for certain specialty services through their contract health program. Coordination with the CHIP-NM program will continue in the same way as coordination with the Medicaid and M-SCHIP program. The IHS will be reimbursed for the direct services they provide to CHIP-NM children at the same rate of payment as the South Dakota Medicaid program. Since the IHS contract care program is the payer of last resort under Federal Regulations, the CHIP-NM program will be primary to IHS contract care. Benefit coordination will be accomplished by the IHS denying claims they receive and causing the claims to be submitted to the CHIP-NM program for payment just as currently happens with Medicaid and M-SCHIP. Payment for those services under the CHIP-NM program will be on the same basis as established for the Medicaid and M-SCHIP programs.

The IHS also plays a very important role in the delivery of outreach services to facilitate the identification and enrollment of low-income children for Medicaid and M-SCHIP. This role will continue for potentially eligible CHIP-NM children using the established means to interface with the Department of Social Services medical assistance programs.

There are no other public programs providing creditable coverage to low-income children. Children potentially eligible for other public programs will be referred to those programs for services in addition to those provided by Medicaid, M-SCHIP or CHIP-NM.

Children covered by Medicare will not be enrolled in CHIP-NM as they have creditable coverage.

Section 5. Outreach and Coordination (Section 2102 (c))

Describe the procedures used by the state to accomplish:

5.1. Outreach to families of children likely to be eligible for assistance or under other public or private health coverage to inform them of the availability of, and to assist them in enrolling their children in such a program: (Section 2102 (c)(1))

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The CHIP-NM program builds upon the existing programs **d** coverage for low income, and low-income uninsured children, (Medicaid and M-SCHIP), to provide health coverage for additional uncovered children in South Dakota. Outreach for these programs in South Dakota was implemented with a strategy for statewide outreach coordination and a local outreach strategy. Statewide outreach was accomplished with the participation **d** other programs offered by the Department **d** Social Services, other State agencies and the Indian Health Service. Outreach at this level relied on interagency agreements to facilitate referrals and the use of automated systems for information sharing on potentially eligible children. Administrative reforms **d** the eligibility process, publicity materials and advertising were also part **d** this outreach.

Local coordination has been effectively done in communities and service areas of the State by Department of Social Services eligibility stag establishing connections with local resources to facilitate the identification and enrollment of children. Health care providers, schools, Tribal agencies, and many others have been very involved in distributing materials, providing applications and information, and assisting with enrollment.

Outreachfor CHIP-NM program will build on the successful outreach strategies already in place for the State's medical assistance efforts described in the original State Planfor SCHIP and in Section 2 & this plan amendment. However, recognizing the differences in the income levels & the families targeted by CHIP-NM new efforts will need to be made to supplement existing outreach, to help'reach those potentially eligible for CHIP-NM. These additional outreach efforts will begin with a statewide training of Department & Social Services eligibility staff prior to the implementation of the program, New materials will he developed for distribution and use around the state to prepare for the operation & the program including application forms, information sheets, brochures, and posters. Local Department of Social Services staff will need to renew connections with outreach partners to inform them 'at he new program and expanded eligibility levels. Medicaid and M-SCHIP providers will need to be notified at the new program of coverage so they will be prepared to deliver health services.

The Department will also consider expanding the range of outreach partners to include entities not traditionally involved in outreach for publicly financed health care programs including the South Dakota Department of Labor, Job Service and other employment agencies, large and small employers and job training programs.

5.2. Coordination of the administration of this program with other public and private health insurance programs: (Section 2102 (c)(2))

The State's Medicaid and M-SCHIP programs are the principle programs offering creditable coverage to low-income children in the State. The CHIP NM program is being jointly administered with those programs to ensure maximum coordination. Outreach, eligibility determination and benefit coverage will all be shared functions among these medical assistance programs to increase the number of children with creditable coverage and assure that only eligible targeted children are covered under Title XXI.

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The Medicaid program and M-SCHIP program enjoy a generally positive image in South Dakota among beneficiaries and providers. These coverage programs for low-income children are generally marketed as the "CHIP" program in South Dakota. Selecting the name "CHIP-NM" is a conscious effort to build a similar identity and continuity among the programs and demonstrate the high level of coordination that exists.

The Indian Health Service will remain as the largest public program for children that the Medicaid program coordinates benefits with in South Dakota. Coordination with the IHS will not change as a result of the CHIP-NM program. The twelve Indian Health Services service units in South Dakota will continue as direct service providers and will be reimbursed by the South Dakota CHIP-NM program for services to CHIP-NM children. In addition, IHS Service Units will continue to be responsible for making contract care services available for IHS eligible CHIP-NM beneficiaries when service needs are beyond the direct care resources of the IHS, and the CHIP-NM program will be primary to the IHS for payment of benefits.

In order to maximize IHS resources and provide the best possible coverage for beneficiaries, the IHS is very attentive to identifying and facilitating the enrollment of potentially eligible individuals into the appropriate programs of coverage.

Section 6.	Coverage Requirements for Children's Health Insurance (Section 2103)		
	Check here if the state elects to use funds provided under Title XXI only to provide expanded eligibility under the state's Medicaid plan, and continue on to Section 7.		
6.1.	The state elects to provide the following forms of coverage to children: (Check all that apply.)		
	6.1.1. Benchmark coverage; (Section 2103(a)(1))		
	6.1.1.1. FEHBP-equivalent coverage; (Section 2103(b)(1)) (If checked, attach copy of the plan.)		
	6.1.1.2. State employee coverage; (Section 2103(b)(2)) (If checked, identify the plan and attach a copy of the benefits description.)		
	6.1.1.3. HMO with largest insured commercial enrollment (Section 2103(b)(3)) (If checked, identify the plan and attach a copy of the benefits description.)		
	Benchmark-equivalent coverage; (Section 2103(a)(2)) Specify the coverage, including the amount, scope and duration of each service, as well as any exclusions or limitations. Please attach signed actuarial report that meets the requirements specified in Section 2103(c)(4). See instructions.		
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6.1.3.	Existing Comprehensive State-Based Coverage; (Section 2103(a)(3)) [Only applicable to new York; Florida; Pennsylvania] Please attach a description of the benefits package, administration, date of enactment. If "existing comprehensive state-based coverage" is modified, please provide an actuarial option documenting that the actuarial value of the modification is greater that the value as of 8/5/97 or one of the benchmark plans. Describe the fiscal year 1996 state expenditures for "existing comprehensive state-based coverage."
6.1.4.	Secretary-Approved Coverage. (Section 2103(a)(4))

6.2. The state elects to provide the following forms of coverage to children: (Check all that apply. If an item is checked, describe the coverage with respect to the amount, duration and scope of services covered, as well as any exclusions or limitations) (Section 2110(a))

Services provided under CHIP-NM are identical to the benefits covered under the South Dakota Medicaid program for low-income children in amount, scope and duration. As such the benefits include all mandatory Medicaid services for the categorically needy and ESPDT benefits as well as all the optional services covered under the South Dakota Medicaid program.

Most medical services provided to children under South Dakota Medicaid are accessed through a primary care case management managed care system approved for Medicaid under a 1915(b) waiver. Children eligible for services under CHIP-NM will also be required to participate in the primary care case management system (PCCM). Under this program, a primary care physician (PCP) provides primary care services. Specialty services within the scope of the managed care program require a referral from the PCP. Emergency services, family planning services, and non-medical services (dental, chiropractic, optometry, podiatry, immunization and transportation), are exempt from all PCCM requirements. Non-waiver services are accessed directly by recipients. All services are reimbursed on a fee for service basis. There is no cost sharing for services provided to children under this plan.

Generally, all services provided under the Medicaid program must be "medically necessary". CHIP-NM services must also meet the requirements of the definition of medically necessary used by Medicaid. Medically necessary services are those that:

- are consistent with the recipient's symptoms, diagnosis, condition, or injury
- are recognized as the prevailing standard and is consistent with generally accepted professional medical standards of the provider's peer group
- are provided in response to a life-threatening condition; to treat pain, injury, illness, or infection; to treat a condition that could result in physical or mental disability; or to achieve a level of physical or mental function consistent with prevailing community standards for diagnosis or condition
- are not furnished primarily for the convenience of the recipient or the provider
- there is no other equally effective course of treatment available or suitable for the recipient requesting the service which is more conservative or substantially less costly.

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6.2.1.	Inpatient services (Section 2110(a)(1)) Inpatient services include services provided in general acute care hospitals and specialty hospitals including rehabilitation, long term care, surgical specialty, psychiatric and children's hospitals. Specialized units of acute care hospitals including neonatal intensive care, rehabilitation and psychiatric units are also covered. Inpatient hospital services are included as PCCM services requiring referrals. Psychiatric, Rehabilitation, and Long Term Care hospitals require prior authorization. Emergency psychiatric hospitalizations are authorized after admission. Inpatient surgeries that are normally performed in outpatient settings must be prior authorized. The Department monitors neonatal Intensive Care Services. There are no limitations on services provided.
6.2.2. 🔀	Outpatient services (Section 2110(a)(2)) Outpatient hospital services include laboratory services, X ray and other radiology services, emergency room services, medical supplies used during treatment at the facility, physical therapy, speech therapy, and occupational therapy when furnished or supervised by a licensed therapist and periodically reviewed by a physician, whole blood or packed red cells, drugs and biologicals which cannot be self-administered, dialysis treatments, services of hospital-based physicians, and outpatient surgical procedures. Outpatient hospital services are included as PCCM services. There are no limitations on services provided. Physician services (Section 2110(a)(3))
012101 <u>A</u>	Physician services include medical and surgical services; services and supplies furnished incidental to the professional services of a physician; psychiatric services; drugs and biologicals administered in a physician's office which cannot be self-administered; routine physical examinations; routine visits to a facility, home and community-based provider, or home; and family planning services. Services provided by nurse practitioners, physician assistants, nurse midwifes, and certified registered nurse anesthetists within their scope of practice are also covered. Specialty services are included as PCCM services requiring referrals. There are no limitations on services provided.
6.2.4.	Surgical services (Section2110(a)(4)) Surgical services covered in addition to those provided under hospital or physician services include those services provided in ambulatory surgical centers (ASC) to patients who do not require hospitalization. Services include nursing, technician, use of ASC facilities, drugs, biologicals, surgical supplies, equipment, diagnostic and therapeutic

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services directly related to the provision of surgical procedures. Surgery services are included as PCCM services. There are no limitations on services provided. 6.2.5. Clinic services (including health center services) and other ambulatory health care services. (Section 2110(a)(5)) Clinic services include preventive, diagnostic, therapeutic, rehabilitative, or palliative items services provided by federally qualified health centers and rural health or services under the medical direction of a physician and provided at the clinic or center. Clinic and center services are included as PCCM services and clinics and centers are eligible to be primary care providers. Services are limited to two visits per day, if the second visit is due to illness or injury sustained after the first visit. 6.2.6. Prescription drugs (Section 2110(a)(6)) Prescription drug services include the following drugs, biologicals, and related items and services that are prescribed: Legend eye preparations, vaginal therapeutics, otic pharmaceutical preparations, or inhalations for asthmatic conditions; Antibiotic products which are known, either by sensitivity test or product information, to be the single item of choice for the diagnosis; All other legend prescription drugs and biologicals, except for the items listed below. Insulin: Concentrated cryoprecipitate used in the home treatment of hemophilia; Legend vitamins prescribed for the prenatal care of pregnant women; Calcitriol if used for renal impairment and determined medically necessary by the prescriber; Spacers, such as Aerochamber and InspirEase, and solutions that are medically necessary for the administration of legend drugs used for the delivery of respiratory or inhalation therapy; Syringes and needles for the administration of medication covered under this chapter; and Urine and blood testing items for a diabetic, except for glucometers, which are covered as medical equipment. Family planning items.

Non-covered services include:

- Non-legend prescription drugs and over-the-counter items and medical supplies except for those specifically listed above;
- Medical supplies or delivery charges;
- Legend oral vitamins except for legend vitamins prescribed for the prenatal care of pregnant women.
- Items prescribed for weight control or appetite depressants;

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- Smoking cessation drugs;
- Agents to promote fertility or treat impotence;
- Agents used for cosmetic purposes;
- Hair growth products;
- Items or drugs manufactured by a firm that has not signed a rebate agreement with the Health Care Financing Administration;
- Items which exceed a 34-day supply, except for family planning items and prenatal vitamins;
- Services, procedures, or drugs which are considered experimental;
- Drugs and biologicals which the federal government has determined to be less than effective.

Prescription drug services are included as PCCM services, with the exception of family planning drugs and items. Azidothymidine is available only for persons diagnosed with HIV. Clozaril and growth hormones are prior authorized.

6.2.7.	Over-the-counter medications (Section2110(a)(7))
,	See 6.2.6.
6.2.8. X	Laboratory and radiological services (Section 2110(a)(8))
	Covered under 6.2.1, 6.2.2, 6.2.3, 6.2.4, 6.2.5 for diagnostic and
	treatment purposes. Coverage includes materials and services of
-	technicians. Laboratory services are not included as PCCM services.
	There are no limitations on services provided.
6.2.9.	Prenatal care and prepregnancy family services and supplies (Section
0.2.7.	2110(a)(9))
	Covered under 6.2.3, 6.2.5,6.2.6. Family planning and prenatal
	maternity care services are fully covered. Family planning services are
	exempt from PCCM requirements. There are no limitations on services
	provided.
6.2.10. 🔀	Inpatient mental health services, other than services described in 6.2.18.,
	but including services furnished in a state-operated mental hospital and
	including residential or other 24-hour therapeutically planned structural
	services (Section 2110(a)(10))
	Inpatient mental health services are provided in three different service
	settings. Psychiatric Inpatient Hospital services are covered under 6.2.1
	and include psychiatric care in general acute care hospitals, psychiatric
	distinct part units, and free standing psychiatric hospitals, including a
	state operated adolescent psychiatric unit.
	Inpatient psychiatric facility services are provided to children, with prior
	authorization. These services are exempt from PCCM requirements.
	There are no limitations on services provided.
	There are no limitations on services provided.
	Inpatient residential treatment services for children are covered in
	residential treatment facilities. Coverage is limited to the treatment
	services provided and does not include room and board costs. Services
	are prior authorized. There are no limitations on services provided.

6.2.11.

Outpatient mental health services, other than services described in 6.2.19, but including services furnished in a state-operated mental hospital and including community-based services (Section 2110(a)(11) Outpatient mental health services are covered in 6.2.3 when provided by physicians.

Outpatient mental health services are covered in community mental health centers and include the following services:

- Evaluations completed by a psychiatrist;
- Evaluations or testing completed by a psychologist;
- Comprehensive evaluations completed utilizing the expertise of more than one mental health professional;
- Therapy provided to an individual;
- Therapy provided to groups of two or more individuals, not exceeding ten persons;
- Therapy provided to a family unit;
- Partial day care services for a duration of three to six hours a day, including various types of therapy elements; and
- Consultation with a psychiatrist, psychologist, or other mental health professional or physician concerning the patient's diagnosis or plan of treatment.

Outpatient mental health services are also available from licensed psychologists, certified social workers in private independent practice, and licensed professional counselors-mental health. Services include psychiatric evaluation, diagnostic interviews, individual, group and family therapy, and psychological testing. Services are limited to the equivalent of 40 hours of individual therapy per 12 month period, unless additional services are prior authorized.

Outpatient mental health services are included as PCCM services, unless provided to a person diagnosed as chronically mentally ill.

6.2.12.

Durable medical equipment and other medically-related or remedial devices (such as prosthetic devices, implants, eyeglasses, hearing aids, dental devices, and adaptive devices) (Section 2110(a)(12))

Durable medical equipment is covered and includes devices and assistive technology including:

- devices for persons confined to beds, including hospital beds, bed pans, urinals, commodes, trapeze, lifts, standers, and pressure reduction therapy devices if extensive pressure sores exist;
- mobility devices including wheelchairs and accessories (seats, trays, cushions, and positioning devices), canes, crutches and walkers;
- oxygen and respiratory equipment and supplies;
- glucose monitoring equipment and supplies;
- dialysis equipment;
- apnea monitors;

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- infusion pumps;
- hearing aids and augmentative communication devices;

Medical equipment is purchased or rented at the discretion of the Department and requires documented medical necessity. Some devices have specific coverage criteria and limitations. Disposable supplies used with the equipment are included in coverage.

Prosthetic devices, except dental, are included for coverage, including braces, artificial limbs, artificial eyes, augmentative communication devices, items to replace all or part of an internal body organ, and the replacement of such devices required by a change in the patient's condition.

Eyeglasses and contact lenses are included in coverage and may be obtained from optical providers, physicians as described in 6.2.3, and optometrists along with professional services. Eyeglasses are limited to replacement after 15 months, unless significant vision changes have occurred.

Durable Medical Equipment and prosthetic devices are included in the PCCM program. Eyeglasses and services of vision professionals are not included in the PCCM program.

6.2.13. Disposa

Disposable medical supplies (Section 2110(a)(13))

Disposable medical supplies are covered when medically necessary under each of the forms of coverage in Section 6.2.

6.2.14. Hon

Home and community based health care services (See instructions) (Section 2110(a)(14))

Home and community based services are covered when medically necessary and ordered by a physician and provided by a home health agency or qualified professional. Home health services include medical supplies, skilled nursing services, home health aide services, physical therapy, speech therapy, occupational therapy, respiratory therapy when ventilator dependant, and medical social services. Individuals receiving these services must be homebound or unable to leave home without considerable effort. Services are of an intermittent nature, not more than once per day or 4 times per week. There is no limit on the number of visits a person may receive.

Extended home health aide services and private duty nursing services are covered when more than 3 consecutive hours of care are necessary.

These services must be prior authorized.

Home based therapy services are also covered for children with mental disorders or who are seriously emotionally disturbed. A treatment plan must exist that documents the need for home based therapy services. Covered services include diagnostic assessment, individual therapy,

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family therapy, and collateral services. Services must be prior authorized. 6.2.15. X Nursing. care services (See instructions) (Section 2110(a)(15)) Nursing care services are covered as described in 6.2.1, 6.2.2, 6.2.3, 6.2.4, 6.2.5 and 6.2.14. 6.2.16. X Abortion only if necessary to save the life of the mother or if the pregnancy is the result of an act of rape or incest (Section 2110(a)(16) Coverage is the same as Medicaid coverage. 6.2.17. Dental services (Section 2110(a)(17)) Dental services are covered including diagnostic services (oral examinations and x-rays), preventive services (prophylaxis, topical fluoride, and sealant), restorative services (amalgam restorations, resin restorations, and crowns to anterior teeth), endodontics, prosthodontics (complete and partial dentures, adjustments, and repairs). Medical/Dental procedures are also covered including oral surgery for extraction, surgical extractions and tooth reimplantation, treatment of fractures, reduction of TMJ dysfunction, and periodontics. Medically necessary orthodontic procedures including diagnosis, minor treatment, interceptive orthodontic treatment and treatment of dentition are covered. Dental exams, prophylaxis, and topical fluoride are limited to two services in a 12-month period, sealants are limited to once in a three year period. Orthodontic services in excess of \$500 must be prior authorized. All dental services are exempt from the PCCM program. 6.2.18. Inpatient substance abuse treatment services and residential substance abuse treatment services (Section 2110(a)(18)) Inpatient treatment for substance abuse services are covered in certified facilities designed specifically for chemically dependent adolescents. Services are not included in the PCCM program, however, referrals from a physician or court are required. Services are prior authorized. Services are limited to 45 days in a 12 month period. Programs designed for substance abusing pregnant women are covered. 6.2.19 X Outpatient substance abuse treatment services (Section 2110(a)(19))

Outpatient substance abuse treatment services (Section 2110(a)(19))
Outpatient treatment for substance abuse services are covered in certified facilities designed specifically for chemically dependent adolescents. Programs designed for substance abusing pregnant women are covered. Services are not included in the PCCM program however, referrals from a physician or court are required. Services are prior authorized. Services are limited to 60 hours in a 12-month period.

Case management services (Section 2110(a)(20))

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6.2.20. X

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Case management services are provided to all CHIP-NM children through the primary care case management program. Each program enrollee select or is assigned a primary care case management physician to provide the management and treatment of medical conditions and provide for referral for specialty care services. The primary care case manager can be either a physician (Family Practice, Internal Medicine, Pediatrics, OB-GYN, General Practice) or rural health clinic, federally qualified health center, or IHS facility. Services excluded from case management are emergency services, family planning, dental, podiatry, optometry, chiropractic, immunization, transportation and mental health services for chronically mentally ill clients.

Targeted case management services are available to severely and persistently mentally ill individuals at least 18 years of age when obtained from a certified case manager. The case managers provide face to face services including client identification and follow up, coordination of needs assessments, development of a case management plan, service mobilization, linkage and case monitoring. Services must include at least four units of service per month and non face to face services are limited on a monthly basis.

6.2.21.	Care coordination services (Section 2110(a)(21))
6.2.22.	Physical therapy, occupational therapy, and services for individuals with speech, hearing, and language disorders (Section 2110(a)(22))
	Physical therapy, occupational therapy, and services for individuals with speech, hearing and language disorders are covered when provided under forms of coverage in 6.2.1, 6.2.2, 6.2.4, 6.2.5, and 6.2.14. The services are also available from individual providers within their scope of practice when referred by physicians and required to diagnose or treat a medical condition. These services may also be provided by school districts when medically necessary and identified as part of a child's individual education program. The services are included in the PCCM program. There are no limitations on the

- services provided.
 6.2.23. Hospice care (Section2110(a)(23))
- Any other medical, diagnostic, screening, preventive, restorative, remedial, therapeutic, or rehabilitative services. (See instructions) Section 2110(a)(24))

Other medical services included in the plan are Chiropractic Services, Vision Services, Podiatry Services, Nutritional Services, Nursing Facility Services, Vaccination Services and certain Organ Transplant Services.

Chiropractic services are limited to examinations and manual manipulations required to correct a subluxation of the spine. Services

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per day and thirty visits in a twelve-month period. are outside of the PCCM program and limited to no more than one visit

months unless significant vision changes have occurred. of the PCCM program. Eyeglasses are limited to replacement after 15 refractive services, eyeglasses and contact lenses. Services are outside removal of foreign bodies from the eye, vision screenings, and the services of optometrists. Covered services include examinations, Vision services, in addition to the services of physicians in 6.2.3 include

no limit on the number of services provided. routine foot care. Services are outside of the PCCM program. There is treatment of conditions of the feet and lower extremities, excluding Podiatry services include the surgical and non-surgical diagnosis and

ordered for conditions that exceed normal nutritional requirements. authorized. Nutritional supplements are covered when physician nutrition are covered services. Perenteral nutrition services are prior necessary nutrition through oral means. Enteral and perenteral Nutritional services are covered for children not able to obtain

term care. Nursing facility services are prior authorized. individuals meet level of care and financial eligibility criteria for long Nursing Facility services are covered when medically necessary and

covered under Section 6.2.6, prescription drugs. Immunization services include all recommended vaccinations and are

transplant procedures are prior authorized. organs. With the exception of kidney and cornea transplants, nomin's Transplants are limited to the transplantation of human are free from adverse factors and there is likelihood of success or all other medical and surgical treatments have been exhausted, patients and Heart Transplants. All transplant services are covered only when Organ transplant services include Kidney, Cornea, Bone Marrow, Liver

Premiums for private health care insurance coverage (Section 2110(a)(25))

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time, distance and emergency. Wheelchair transportation includes transportation. Air ambulance must be medically necessary because of transportation, rotary emergency transportation, and medical air services and attendants. Air ambulance includes fixed wing emergency ambulance includes advanced life support and basic life support transportation may endanger a person's life or health. Ground transportation. Ambulance services are necessary when other forms of ground ambulance, wheelchair transportation and other medical Asedical transportation includes medically necessary air ambulance, Medical transportation (Section 2110(a)(26))

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6.2.25.

		the use o	of private	automobil oviders, tri	rnese servi es, meals ar bal transpo	nd lodgir	ig, commu	nity
	6.2.27.		-		ransportation Section 2110(a)		ation, and	outreach
	6.2.28.	•			ces or items ion (Section 21	-	d by the Se	cretary and
6.3.	Waivers - Act the plan throu request the ap be distinct fro address the fo	gh cost ef propriate m the stat	fective al waiver. te plan ap	ternatives Review and proval prod	or the purch d approval o cess. To be	nase of fa of the wa	mily cover iver applic	rage, it must ation(s) will
	6.3.1.	of the 10 health as health se children children 2102 (c)	0% limita sistance f ervices ini (includin); 3) expe ((1) under	tion on use for targeted itiatives un- g targeted enditures for the plan;	of funds fo low-incom der the plan low-income	r payments childrents childrents childrents ctivities reasona	nts for: 1) n; 2) expensions the land other as provide lable costs in	health of low-income d in section acurred by
	6.3.1.1	e D s:	xpenditui Describe t ystem. T	res must me t he covera s	eet the cover ge provided	rage requ by the a	uirements a alternative	
	6.3.1.2	c p c	hild basis rovided f	s, than the coverage ch coverage	erage must recost of cove crage describe te on an ave	rage that bed abov	would oth e; and De	scribe the
	6.3.1.3	b h H d	eased heal lealth cen Health Ser lisproport 886(d)(5)	th delivery ters receivi rvice Act o tionate shan (F) or 192	system, suong funds un r with hospi re payment a	ch as throader section itals such adjustmential Securial	ough contra ion 330 of the as those the those	the Public nat receive ection Describe the
CHIP-NM	I Proposed Effe	ective Date	e 7/01/00) 29		Su	ıbmittal Da	te 8/30/00
				M 1 (1997)			n museup and place to a place of the first o	

transportation services to persons that are confined to wheelchairs or

Other transportation services are available to assist persons obtain

stretchers to and from medical services.

- 6.3.2. Purchase of Family Coverage. Describe the plan to provide family coverage. Payment may be made to a state for the purpose of family coverage under a group health plan or health insurance coverage that includes coverage of targeted low-income children, if it demonstrates the following: (Section 2105(c)(3))
 - 6.3.2.1 Purchase of family coverage is cost-effective relative to the amounts that the state would have paid to obtain comparable coverage only of the targeted low-income children involved; and (Describe the associated costs for purchasing the family coverage relative to the coverage for the low-income children.) (Section 2105(c)(3)(A))
 - 6.3.2.2. The state assures that the family coverage would not otherwise substitute for health insurance coverage that would be provided to such children but for the purchase of family coverage. (Section 2105(c)(3)(B))

Section 7. Quality and Appropriateness of Care

Check here if **the** state elects to use funds provided under Title XXI only to provide expanded eligibility under the state's Medicaid plan, **and continue on to Section 8.**

7.1. Describe the methods (including external and internal monitoring) used to assure the quality and appropriateness of care, particularly with respect to well-baby care, well-child care, and immunization provided under the plan. (Section 2102(a)(7)(A))

The CHIP-NM program will use the methods that exist for the Medicaid and M-SCHIP programs to assure quality and appropriateness of care since the programs will be jointly administered and delivered. There are numerous strategies that South Dakota uses under these programs to monitor quality and appropriateness of care including both external and internal sources.

The most comprehensive mechanism to be used by the State in the CHIP-NM program is the Primary Care Case Management system. Under this program each recipient of CHIP-NM will select a primary care physician or clinic (PCP) to provide primary care and authorize and manage all specialty medical care through a referral process. Under this program each PCP receives a monthly report of all the medical services used by each client enrolled with that PCP. In this way each PCP is able to provide case management services and monitor the appropriateness of services provided to enrollees.

The state also monitors the performance of each PCP with regard to the number of clients enrolled with each PCP, the proportion of services provided directly or referred by each PCP, and the satisfaction of clients with PCPs via a complaint and disenrollment process used by recipients to change PCP's. Case file reviews will be conducted on quality complaints. This program operates for Medicaid recipients under waiver authority from HCFA. The waiver process provides for a biannual review of the

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renewal period. Monitoring of this program by HCFA has been ongoing since 1993, with the third and most recent renewal currently under way. All at the quality and appropriateness monitoring available to Medicaid for the PCCM program will also be provided to the CHIP-NM program.

External reviews & medical, surgical and hospital services are conducted by the Professional Review Organization (PRO) in South Dakota. A large sample & services is selected for review each month on a variety & criteria, including specific diagnoses and random selections. Services provided to CHIP-NM clients will also be included in the sample selected for PRO review. The PRO reports to each provider and to the State the results of each review recommending approval, denial, changes or improvements to service delivery, action by the Medicaid Program or referral to other entities for action.

Drug utilization review activities will also be made available to CHIP-NM clients through the pharmacy benefit management system used by the Department to provide prescription drug coverage. Each drug prescription is processed through a prospective drug use review protocol prior to authorizing a pharmacist to dispense a drug product. This point of service process checks for drug to drug interactions, contraindications, duplicate therapy, dosage, early refill, and days-supply edits to help assure appropriate and quality prescription drug services. The drug utilization review requirements are purchased from a national vendor and incorporated into the Department's system. A licensed pharmacist employed by the Department oversees the operation of the DUR system,

The CHIP-NM program will also make use of the capabilities of the MMIS claims processing system to process and pay claims for CHIP-NM clients using the same

The MMIS claims systems has ssuring appropriate and quality services are delivered to CHIP-NM clients. The MMIS is the source for the Medicaid

reporting **d** EPSDT screening services to HCFA, and these reporting capabilities will be available to report on the CHIP-NM children also.

Surveillance and utilization review system (SURS) capabilities used by the Department to monitor Medicaid and M-SCHIP services will also be used to monitor the services obtained by CHIP-NM clients for fraud and abuse. This will provide the CHIP-NM program a capacity for the full investigation, referral to appropriate law enforcement, and reporting of sanctions as required. The SURS is the designated unit in the Department of Social Services for investigation of fraud, and collaboration with the South Dakota Attorney General's office and U.S. Attorney! A tollfree fraud reporting telephone number is also available to provide a convenient means to report fraud.

Surveys and quality assurance reports will also be used thmonitor the quality and appropriateness of services provided the CHIP-NM clients. Client surveys have been an important part of the SCHIP annual reporting that has been completed by South Dakota for each of FFY 1998 and FFY 1999, Specific questions are addressed to the families of M-SCHIP children asking about the quality and satisfaction that families

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under the CHIP-NM program. have with the services provided. These surveys and the specific questions will continue

the HEDIS to be completed for the CHIP-NM children in South Dakota. these measure to monitor progress and also to expand the number of measures under Opiometry, Asthma, Substance Abuse, and Eating Disorders. Plans include repeating baby. In addition to reports on those subjects reports have been completed on Dental, These reports specifically address the key areas of immunization, well child and well for the SCHIP eligible children covered under South Dakota's M-SCHIP program. A number of quality assurance reports based on the HEDIS model have been completed

Will the state utilize any of the following tools to assure quality?

(Check all that apply and describe the activities for any categories utilized.)

.4.1.7	Quality improvement strategies
L1.3.	Information strategies
	and mental health services.
	immunization, dental, well child screenings, optometry, substance abuse
	The state will conduct HEDIS based measurement studies for
7.1.2. 🔀	Performance measurement
	CHIP NM program.
	for the well child screenings and immunization levels for children in the
	The state will establish standards for the performance of PCP's to meet
X .1.1.7	Quality standards

outpatient hospitals participate, nearly all pharmacies participate, and participation excellent provider participation for all types of service providers in the State. Nearly the Medicaid program in South Dakota. One of the benefits of this arrangement is the including emergency services. (Section 2102(a)(7)(B)) Describe the methods used, including monitoring, to assure access to covered services,

care purposes. arrangements with PCP's are established and specialists are not accessed for primary emergency specially services enhances access to specially services as referral facilitates access to primary care and the use of PCP's to provide referrals for nonfrom allied health providers is also very good. Using the PCCM system for CHIP-UM all primary care and specialty physicians participate in the program, all inpatient and

CHIP-NM will use the same delivery system, provider network and covered services as

PCCM program. The CHIP-NM program is also structured so those eligible clients areas of the State. Each IHS service unit has participating PCP providers in the Indian Health Service and Tribal services are key resources in the most underserved rural providers to enhance access to services in the rural areas of South Dakota. The The selected CHIP-NM program structure allows the maximum use of the available

American Indian reservation are served by rural health clinics and federally qualified providers as federally qualified health centers (FQHC's). Rural areas outside of individuals have selected a non-IHS PCP. Tribal clinics are also eligible to be PCP have maximum access to IHS programs without a referral from another PCP if the

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health centers that are also enrolled as PCP entities to enhance service availability. Favorable reimbursement mechanisms are in place for all **c** these provider types to ensure the availability **c** services.

Under the PCCM program the Department of Social Services carefully monitors the capacity of each participating PCP and presently averages about 85 enrollees per PCP entity, with very few PCP's closed to new enrollees. PCP's are limited to a maximum of 750 enrollees. County and sub-state areas are also monitored for PCP availability. Most PCCM participants select their own PCP's and have free choice of providers for non-PCCM services. Time and distance standards ensure that PCCM enrollees do not have to travel more than 75 miles to their PCP. Routine monitoring of PCP performance also includes an analysis of PCP provided services versus referred services with the dual purpose of ensuring PCP's are accessible and providing services to enrolled clients, and also not withholding appropriate referrals for specialty care.

The Department also carefully monitors the PCP changes and disenvollment reasons to assure that access to care issues are resolved. In addition, the Department randomly monitors PCP compliance with **24** hourper day, seven day per week requirement for PCP availability.

The CHIP-NM program uses the definition and procedure for accessing emergency services that applies to Medicaid and M-SCHIP and that are consistent with Federal law.

Access and availability to services are presently monitored under the Medicaid waiver and current M-SCHIP program, and this monitoring will also include CHIP-NM enrollees. Surveys of participants to measure access to services, waiting times, and satisfaction with service availability will continue to be completed and include CHIP-NM children.

Section	8.	Cost	Shar	ring	and	Pay	ment.	(Section	21036	e))	١
Dection	\circ	COSt	Dilui	1115	unu	1 u	, illolit ,	(DCCHOII	~1000	~,	,

		state elects to use funds provided under Title XXI only to provide bility under the state's Medicaid plan, and continue on to Section 9.
8.1.	Is cost-si	haring imposed on any of the children covered under the plan?
	8.1.1.	YES
	8.1.2.	NO, skip to question 8.5.
8.2.		e the amount of cost-sharing and any sliding scale based on income: 03(e)(1)(A))
	8.2.1.	Premiums:
	8.2.2.	Deductibles:
	8.2.3.	Coinsurance:

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	8.2.4.	Otner	<u> </u>				
8.3.	Describe how the public will be notified of this cost-sharing and any differences based on income:						
8.4.	The state assures that it has made the following findings with respect to the cost sharing and payment aspects of its plan: (Section 2103(e))						
	8.4.1.		Cost-sharing does not favor chover lower income families.	nildren from higher income families (Section 2103(e)(1)(B))			
	8.4.2.		No cost-sharing applies to we age-appropriate immunization	ll-baby and well-child care, including as. (Section 2103(e)(2))			
	8.4.3.		•	ome less that 150% of the Federal Poverty that is not permitted under 1916(b)(1).			
	8.4.4.		No Federal funds will be used (Section 2105(c)(4))	toward state matching requirements.			
	8.4.5.		No premiums or cost-sharing requirements. (Section 2105(c)(5)	will be used toward state matching			
	8.4.6.		would have been obligated to	be used for coverage if a private insurer provide such assistance except for a tion because the child is eligible under			
	8.4.7.			Is and methodologies for determining ore restrictive than those applied as of			
	8.4.8.		include coverage of abortion of	title or coverage funded by this title will except if necessary to save the life of the the result of an act of rape or incest.			
	8.4.9.		or to assist in the purchase, ir	title will be used to pay for any abortion whole or in part, for coverage that escribed above.) (Section 2105)(c)(7)(A))			
8.5.	does no 2103(e)(3)	ot exceed (B)):	5 percent of such family's ann	ual aggregate cost-sharing for a family ual income for the year involved: (Section d on children covered under this plan.			
8.6.	The state assures that, with respect to pre-existing medical conditions, one of the following two statements applies to its plan:						
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<u> </u>							

	8.6.1. The state shall not permit the imposition of any pre-existing medical condition exclusion for covered services (Section 2102(b)(1)(B)(ii)); OR
	8.6.2. The state contracts with a group health plan or group health insurance coverage, or contracts with a group health plan to provide family coverage under a waiver (see Section 6.3.2. of the template). Preexisting medical conditions are permitted to the extent allowed by HIPPAA/ERISA (Section 2109(a)(1),(2)). Please describe:
Section 9.	Strategic Objectives and Performance goals for the Plan Administration (Section 2107)
9.1.	Describe strategic objectives for increasing the extent of creditable health coverage among targeted low-income children and other low-income children: (Section 217 (a)(2))
	South Dakota is implementing CHIP-NM as an additional effort to address the objectives stated in the original state plan. Those objectives are:
	1. Achieve a measurable reduction in the number of uninsured children in South Dakota beginning July 1, 1998.
	2. Improve access to quality primary and preventive health care services under Medicaid for approved CHIP eligibles, new Medicaid eligibles, and previously non-enrolled children on July 1, 1998.
	3. Develop better measurement capabilities of health insurance coverage, and health care service availability and quality to children in South Dakota, beginning July 1, 1998.
	Effective July 1, 2000 each objective will include the CHIP-NM program.
9.2.	Specify one or more performance goals for each strategic objective identified: (Section 2107(a)(3))
	 Achieve a measurable reduction in the number of uninsured children in South Dakota.
	1.1 Implement CHIP-NM to provide coverage to an additional 2,400 targeted, uninsured children in families with incomes from 140% to 200% of the federal poverty level beginning July 1, 2000.
	1.2 Continue to extend Medicaid to children age zero through eighteen at Medicaid eligibility levels in effect prior to July 1, 1998, and other low income children from 133% to 140% of the federal poverty level as amended effective April 1, 1999.
	1.3 Continue to extend SCHIP benefits to targeted, uninsured, non-Medicaid eligible children age 6 through 18 in families with incomes from 100% to 133% of the federal poverty levels, and to targeted, uninsured, non Medicaid
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eligible children age 0 through 18 in families with incomes from 133% to 140% as amended effective April 1, 1999.

1.4 Continue to milize a systematic approach to identify uninsured children with low incomes using Department data resources, parinerships with other public programs, and local involvement of interested parties including schools, providers, and others.

1.5 Expand the simplified medical assistance application process to include CHIP-NM the same as the Medicaid and M-SCHIP medical assistance programs.

2. Improve access to quality primary and preventive health care services for CHIP-NM eligible children.

2.1 Enroll 95% of all newly approved CHIP-NM children in the South Dakota medical assistance primary care case management program within 1 month of their enrollment, beginning July 1, 2000.

2.2 Ensure each new CHIP-NM envollee receives covered services, cost sharing and EPSDT information at the time that their eligibility is approved.

2.3 Include CHIP-NM eligible children in the quality measurement mechanisms that are used for Medicaid and M-SCHIP including measures of immunization, well child care, adolescent well care, satisfaction and other measures of health care quality. Measures will come from the HCFA 416 report, the process used in South Dakota's PRIME managed care program operated under 1915(b) waiver authority. This evaluation process also uses client and provider surveys independent evaluations and clinical studies to report cost provider surveys independent evaluations and clinical studies to report cost effectiveness and quality to HCFA for waiver renewal purposes, and annual SCHIP reporting requirements.

3. Develop better measurement capabilities of health insurance coverage, health care service availability and quality to children in South Dakota.

3.1 Modify the Medicaid Management Information System to make CHIP-NM tracking and reporting capabilities available to measure enrollment, service, willzation, and overall program effectiveness. This enhancement will make all MARS and HCFA reports available for CHIP-NM,

Describe how performance under the plan will be measured through Objective, independently verifiable means and compared against performance goals in order to determine the state's performance, taking into account suggested performance indicators as specified below or other indicators the state develops: (Section 2107(a)(4)(A),(B))

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1. Achieve a measurable reduction in the number of uninsured children in South Dakota.

The success of this objective will be determined by the number of uninsured children in South Dakota who receive health insurance coverage as the result of the CHIP-NM State Plan amendment, M-SCHIP, or Medicaid coverage. Evidence of this reduction will come from South Dakota medical assistance enrollment figures, estimates provided by the United States Census Bureau and supported with survey data from the Behavioral Health Survey (described in Section 9.5), and other publications.

2. Improve access to quality primary and preventive health care services under Medicaid for CHIP-NM eligible children.

Access to quality primary and preventive health services will be measured by the number of new CHIP-NM children enrolled in medical assistance primary care case management system. Utilization based studies for immunization, dental, well child screenings, optometry, substance abuse and mental health services will be used to provide additional measurement of access to services.

3. Develop better measurement capabilities of health insurance coverage, and health care service availability and quality to children in South Dakota.

By January 1, 2001, adequate data will be available for the completion of annual reports and evaluations for FFY 2000 for CHIP-NM as well as the original M-SCHIP program in compliance with Section 9.5 of this State Plan Amendment.

Check the appl plans to use: (licable suggested performance measurements listed below that the state Section 2107(a)(4))
9.3.1	The increase in the percentage of Medicaid eligible children enrolled in Medicaid.
9.3.2.	The reduction in the percentage of uninsured children.
9.3.3.X	The increase in the percentage of children with a usual source of care.
9.3.4.	The extent to which outcome measures show progress on one or more of the health problems identified by the state.
9.3.5.	HEDIS Measurement Set relevant to children and adolescents younger then 19.
9.3.6.	If not utilizing the entire HEDIS Measurement Set, specify which measures will be collected, such as:

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	9.3.7.1.	Immunizations - CPI range 90/00 through 90/49
	9.3.7.2.	Well child care - SD EPSDT code W8630, CPT range 99381 through 99383 and 99391 through 99393
	9.3.7.3. X	Adolescent well care - CPT codes 99384 and 99394
	9.3.7.4.	Satisfaction with care
	9.3.7.5. X	Mental health - Old CPT codes 90801 through 90899 New CPT codes 90804 through 90899
	9.3.7.6.	Dental Care - Codes covering exams, x-rays, and certain treatments
	9.3.7.7.	Other, please list: Optometric and Substance Abuse – Range of SD codes - W7500 through W7507, W8.500, W8600, W8601 and W8620 through W8624
	9.3.8. X Performance	measures for special targeted populations.
9.4. X		ll collect all data, maintain records and furnish reports to nes and in the standardized format that the Secretary (1))
9.5.X	required under Section	ll comply with the annual assessment and evaluation in 10.1. and 10.2. (See Section 10) Briefly describe the annual assessments and reports. (Section 2107(b)(2))
	and effectiveness of its an ongoing basis and including the CHIP-NI to evaluate South Dake not be limited to, US I South Dakota Medical will follow the format	partment of Social Services will evaluate the operation state Children's Health Insurance Program (SCHIP) on report the findings to HCFA by January 1 of each year, M amendment. A variety of data sources will be utilized ota's program. These data sources will include, but will Bureau of Census, South Dakota Department of Health, Assistance, and Indian Health Services. Annual reports of submissions in FFY 1998 and FFY 1999 as
9.6. X		all provide the Secretary with access to any records or the plan for purposes of review of audit. (Section 2107
9.7. X		in developing performance measures, it will modify et national requirements when such requirements are
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	te state assures, to the extent they apply, that the following provisions of the Social Security et will apply under Title XXI , to the same extent they apply to a state under Title XIX : ction 2107 (e))				
9.8.1	Section 1902(a)(4)(C) (re	elating to conflict of i	nterest standards)		
9.8.2.	Paragraphs (2), (16) and on payments)	(17) of Section 1903	(i) (relating to limitations		
9.8.3. X	Section 1903 (w) (relating	ng to limitations on pr	ovider donations and taxes)		
9.8.4.	Section 1115 (relating to	waiver authority)			
9.8.5. X	Section 1116 (relation to insofar as consistent with		idicial review), but only		
9.8.6.	Section 1124 (relating to information)	disclosure of owners	ship and related		
9.8.7.	Section 1126 (relating to convicted individuals)	disclosure of inform	ation about certain		
9.8.8. X	Section 1128A (relating	to civil monetary pen	alties)		
9.8.9.	Section 1128B(d) (relational charges)	ng to criminal penaltion	es for certain additional		
9.8.10.X	Section 1132 (relating to	periods within which	a claims must be filed)		
design and involvemen The CHIP-I South Dako develop a p Poverty Lev Pursuant to developed a process. To process spewas made i	rogram for low income united under the Federal Title this direction from the Leadministrative Rules for the hese rules were promulgate cified in the South Dakotan several newspapers and the new program, eligibility,	and the method for in and authorized by spe- authorized the Depar insured children up to XXI program. gislature the Departm e administration and c ed, heard, and implen Administrative Proces a Public Hearing was	nsuring ongoing public ecific action of the 2000 timent of Social Services to 200% of the Federal eent of Social Services delivery of the CHIP-NM nented with the public dures Act. Public Notice		
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Further public involvement was obtained by presentation of the CHIP-NM program to the Medicaid Advisory Committee and the Board of Social Services prior to implementation.

Inasmuch as the State Plan Amendment does not include a reduction in services or increase in cost sharing, but rather an expansion of services and coverage under the SCHIP program a public process is not required. However, with the public action of the South Dakota Legislature and the requirements of the Administrative Procedures Act, the Department has, in its judgement, allowed adequate public input in the design and implementation of CHIP-NM.

The Department recognizes that the CHIP-NM program does not differ significantly **from**the current delivery system and coverage under methcal assistance programs in South Dakota, with the exception of expanded eligibility,'

The Department will continue to actively solicit public involvement in the delivery of medical assistance benefits, including CHIP-NM, through its comprehensive outreach efforts.

9.10. Provide a budget for this program. Include details on the planned use of funds and sources of the non-Federal share of plan expenditures. (Section 2107(d))

A financial form for the budget is being developed, with input from all interested parties, for states to utilize.

The following budget figures represent the estimated cost of serving the CHIP-NM, and M-SCHIP children for FFY 2000, FFY 2001, and FFY 2002. All of the funds used to operate the SCHIP programs by matching the federal funds have been allocated from the State's General fund, as part of the General Appropriation bill. The State assures no general funds have been raised from impermissible provider taxes or donations, and that the State is in compliance with Section 1903 (w) of the Social Security Act. Three budget sheets are presented, one for the CHIP-NM that is the subject of this State Plan Amendment, one for the existing M-SCHIP program, and the total for South Dakota SCHIP.

A three year CHIP-NM budget is presented. FFY2000 budget amounts are estimated using three months of FFY 2000 from July to September of 2000. Estimates for FFY2001 and FFY2002 represent a full year of operation. This budget assumes 600 clients for FFY 2000, 2,400 clients for FFY 2001, and 2,700 for FFY 2002.

The CHIP-NM service budget is based upon funds appropriated by the South Dakota Legislature. This appropriation was based on an average cost of \$991 per eligible child per year. Amounts were then allocated to service categories using utilization figures from currently eligible M-SCHIP children from July, 1999 through April, 2000. Administrative costs for CHIP-NM are calculated at 10% of the allowable service and administration costs. The percentages allocated to administrative categories reflect the best estimates of actual anticipated expenditures by the State.

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Recognizing that South Dakota currently operates a M-SCHIP program, an updated 3 year budget for M-SCHIP is also presented for all of FFY 2000, FFY 2001, and FFY 2002. This budget is based on 3,839 clients for FFY 2000, 3,839 clients for FFY 2001, and 4,139 clients for FFY 2002. The average cost per client for FFY 2000 and FFY 2001 is \$1,033 per child, per year based on actual costs from July-April of SFY 2000. Amounts have been allocated to service categories using utilization figures from the same time period. Administrative costs are estimated at 10% of the allowable expenditures for services and administration. These costs are based upon current state estimates of anticipated expenditures.

A total SCHIP budget for South Dakota for the three federal fiscal years is also presented. This budget is the sum of the anticipated expenditures for CHIP-NM and M-SCHIP in South Dakota.

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Federal Fiscal Year Budget Estimates CHIP-NM	FFY 2000	FFY 2001	FFY 2002
Medical Services Purchased			
Physician Physician	\$33,149	\$520.202	\$614.590
		\$530,383	\$614,582
Inpatient Hospital	\$33,208	\$531,335	\$615,684
Outpatient Hospital	\$18,938	\$303,008	\$351,111
Prescription Drugs	\$17,288	\$276,608	\$320,519
Preventive Services (EPSDT)		Time Sales	Man Same
Screening	\$580	\$9,276	\$10,748
Dental and Orthodontic	\$9,989	\$159,828	\$185,201
Optometric	\$6,035	\$96,563	\$111,892
Treatment	\$23,353	\$373,647	\$432,963
Mental Health	\$4,787	\$76,584	\$88,742
All Other	\$1,323	\$21,168	\$24,529
Total Services	\$148,650	\$2,378,400	\$2,755,971
Administration			
Personal Services	\$11,727	\$187,629	\$217,416
Outreach	\$2,147	\$34,355	\$39,808
Data Collection	\$1,487	\$23,784	\$27,560
Computer Services	\$1,156	\$18,499	\$21,435
Total Administration	\$16,517	\$264,267	\$306,219
Total Budget	\$165,167	\$2,642,667	\$3,062,190
Federal Share	\$128,648	\$2,058,373	\$2,385,140
State Share	\$36,518	\$584,294	\$677,050

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M-SCHIP THREE YEAR BUDGET PROJECTION

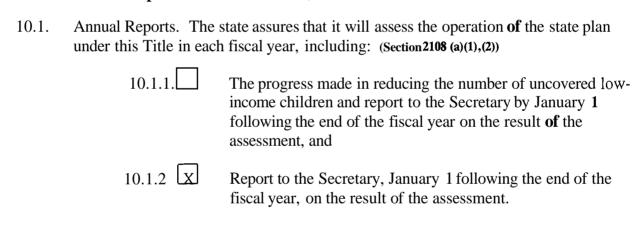
Federal Fiscal Year Budget Estimates M-SCHIP	FFY 2000	FFY 2001	FFY 2002
Medical Services Purchased			
Physician	\$746,133	\$884,348	\$982,069
Inpatient Hospital	\$747,471	\$885,934	\$983,830
Outpatient Hospital	\$426,266	\$505,229	\$561,056
Prescription Drugs	\$389,127	\$461,209	\$512,173
Preventive Services (EPSDT)	Miles 1		
Screening	\$13,049	\$15,466	\$17,175
Dental and Orthodontic	\$224,844	\$266,494	\$295,942
Optometric	\$135,843	\$161,007	\$178,798
Treatment	\$525,639	\$623,009	\$691,852
Mental Health	\$107,738	\$127,695	\$141,805
All Other	\$29,778	\$35,295	\$39,195
Total Services	\$3,345,887	\$3,965,687	\$4,403,896
Administration			
Personal Services	\$263,953	\$312,849	\$347,418
Oūtreach	\$48,329	\$57,282	\$63,612
Data Collection	\$33,459	\$39,657	\$44,039
Computer Services	\$26,024	\$30,844	\$34,253
Total Administration	\$371,765	\$440,632	\$489,322
Total Budget	\$3,717,652	\$4,406,319	\$4,893,218
Federal Share	\$2,895,679	\$3,432,082	\$3,811,327
State Share	\$821,973	\$974,237	\$1,081,890

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TOTAL SOUTH DAKOTA SCHIP THREE YEAR BUDGET PROJECTION

Federal Fiscal Year Budget Estimates Total SCHIP	FFY 2000	FFY 2001	FFY 2002
Medical Services Purchased		200	
Physician	\$779,282	\$1,414,731	\$1,596,650
Inpatient Hospital	\$780,680	\$1,417,269	\$1,599,514
Outpatient Hospital	\$445,204	\$808,237	\$912,167
Prescription Drugs	\$406,415	\$737,817	\$832,693
Preventive Services (EPSDT)			
Screening	\$13,629	\$24,742	\$27,923
Dental and Orthodontic	\$234,833	\$426,323	\$481,143
Optometric	\$141,878	\$257,570	\$290,691
Treatment	\$548,992	\$996,656	\$124,815
Mental Health	\$112,524	\$204,280	\$230,548
All Other	\$31,101	\$56,462	\$63,723
Total Services	\$3,494,537	\$6,344,087	\$7,159,867
Administration			
Personal Services	\$275,680	\$500,478	\$564,834
Oütreach	\$50,477	91,637	\$103,420
Data Collection	\$34,945	\$63,441	\$71,599
Computer Services	\$27,180	\$49,343	\$55,688
Total Administration	\$388,282	\$704,899	\$795,541
Total Budget	\$3,882,819	\$7,048,986	\$7,955,408
Federal Share	\$3,024,328	\$5,490,455	\$6,196,467
State Share	\$858,491	\$1,558,531	\$1,758,941

Section 10. Annual Reports and Evaluations (Section 2108)



Below is a chart listing the types of information that the state's annual report might include. Submission of such information will allow comparisons to be made between states and on a nationwide basis.

Attributes of Population	Number of Children with Creditable Coverage XIX	Number of Children without Creditable Coverage	TOTAL
Income Level:			
< 100%	24,269		41,996
≤ 133%	50,224		60,780
≤185%			71,240
≤200%		15,000	102,000
>200%			126,000
Age	150,224		228,000
0 - 1	6,489		
1 – 5	17,780		
6 - 14	120,929		
15 - 18	15,026		
Race and Ethnicity			
American Indian or Alaskan Native	19,286	ı:	
Asian or Pacific Islander	12,260		10.00
Hispanic			
White, not Hispanic origin	28,678		
Location			
MSA	6,911 (Sioux Falls)		
Non-MSA	143,313		

Source: FFY 1997 HCFA 2082

10.2.		Secre	Evaluations. The state assures that by March 31, 2000 it will submit to the stary an evaluation of each of the items described and listed below: ion 2108(b)(A)-(H)			
10.2.1.			essment of the effectiveness of the state plan in increasing the r of children with creditable health coverage.			
	10.2.2.			ription and analysis of the effectiveness of elements of the state		
		10.2.2.1		The characteristics of the children and families assisted under the state plan including age of the children, family income, and the assisted child's access to or coverage by other health insurance prior to the state plan and after eligibility for the state plan ends		
		10.2.2.2.		The quality of health coverage provided including the types of benefits provided;		
		10.2.2.3.		The amount and level (including payment of part or all of any premium) of assistance provided by the state;		
		10.2.2.4.		The service area of the state plan;		
		10.2.2.5.		The time limits for coverage of a child under the state plan		
		10.2.2.6.		The state's choice of health benefits coverage and other methods used for providing child health assistance, and		
		10.2.2.7.		The sources of non-Federal funding used in the state plan.		
	10.2.3	. 🗌	the sta	essment of the effectiveness of other public and private programs in te in increasing the availability of affordable quality individual and health insurance for children.		
	10.2.4	. 🔲	Title w	w an assessment of state activities to coordinate the plan under this ith other public and private programs providing health care and health ancing, including Medicaid and maternal and child health services.		
	10.2.5	i. 🗌		lysis of changes and trends in the state that affect the provision of ble, affordable, quality health insurance and health care to children.		
	10.2.6	A description of any plans the state has for improving the availability of health insurance and health care for children				
	10.2.7	7 .	Recom	mendations for improving the program under this Title.		
	10.2.8	3.	Any otl	her matters the state and the Secretary consider appropriate.		
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10.3. X	The State assures it will comply with future reporting requirements	ents as they are developed.		
10.4. X	The State assures that it will comply with all applicable Federal laws and regulations, including but not limited to Federal grant requirements and Federal reporting requirements.			
	-			
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